Project 1 for "Algorithms for Big-Data Analysis"

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1 Submission Requirement

- 1. Prepare a report including
 - detailed answers to each question
 - numerical results and their iterpretation
- 2. The programming language can be either matlab, Python or c/c++.
- 3. Pack all of your codes named as "proj1-name-ID.zip" and upload the file to https://file.admin.cluster-bicmr.com/u/d/436c91ee1e4f4dac808d/作业提交需要统一打包成压缩文件,命名格式为: proj1-学号-姓名,文件类型随意。文件名中不要出现空格,最好不要出现中文。
- 4. 请勿大量将代码粘在报告中,涉及到实际结果需要打表或者作图,不要截图或者直接从命令行拷贝结果。
- 5. 提交word 的同学需要提供word 原文件并将其转换成pdf 文件。
- 6. If you get significant help from others on one routine, write down the source of references at the beginning of this routine.

2 Algorithms for ℓ_1 minimization

Consider the problem

(2.1)
$$\min_{x} \quad \mu \|x\|_{1} + \|Ax - b\|_{2},$$

where $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ and $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$ are given. Test data are as follows:

```
n = 1024;
m = 512;
A = randn(m,n);
u = sprandn(n,1,0.1);
```

```
b = A*u;
mu = 1e-2;
See http://bicmr.pku.edu.cn/~wenzw/bigdata/Test_BP.m
```

1. Solve (2.1) using CVX by calling different solvers mosek or gurobi.

CVX, Mosek and Gurobi are available free at:

```
CVX: http://cvxr.com/cvx/
Mosek: http://www.mosek.com/
Gurobi: http://www.gurobi.com/
```

- 2. Solve (2.1) by calling mosek or gurobi directly.
- 3. Write down and implement one of the following algorithms in Matlab/Python:
 - (a) Classical Augmented Lagrangian method (or Bregman method), where each augmented Lagrangian function is minimized by using the proximal gradient method Reference: Wotao Yin, Stanley Osher, Donald Goldfarb, Jerome Darbon, *Bregman Iterative Algorithms*
 - Reference: Wotao Yin, Stanley Osher, Donald Goldfarb, Jerome Darbon, *Bregman Iterative Algorithms* for 11-Minimization with Applications to Compressed Sensing
 - (b) Classical Augmented Lagrangian method (or Bregman method), where each augmented Lagrangian function is minimized by using the accelerated proximal gradient method (FISTA or Nesterov's method) Reference on FISTA: Amir Beck and Marc Teboulle, A fast iterative shrinkage thresholding algorithm for linear inverse problems
- 4. Write down and implement one of the following algorithms in Matlab/Python:
 - (a) Alternating direction method of multipliers (ADMM) for the primal or dual problem Reference: Junfeng Yang, Yin Zhang, *Alternating direction algorithms for 11-problems in Compressed Sensing*, SIAM Journal on Scientific Computing, https://epubs.siam.org/doi/abs/10.1137/090777761
 - (b) Alternating direction method of multipliers with linearization for the primal or dual problem Reference: Junfeng Yang, Yin Zhang, Alternating direction algorithms for 11-problems in Compressed Sensing, SIAM Journal on Scientific Computing, https://epubs.siam.org/doi/abs/10.1137/090777761

5. Requirement:

(a) The interface of each method should be written in the following format

```
[x, out] = method_name(x0, A, b, mu, opts);
```

Here, x0 is a given input initial solution, A and b are given data, opts is a struct which stores the options of the algorithm, out is a struct which saves all other output information.

(b) Compare the efficiency (cpu time) and accuracy (checking optimality condition) in the format as http://bicmr.pku.edu.cn/~wenzw/bigdata/Test_BP.m

3 Algorithms For Sparse Inverse Covariance Estimation

Let $S^n = \{X \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n} \mid X^\top = X\}$. Let $S \in S^n$ be a given observation of covariance matrix.

1. Consider the model

(3.1)
$$\max_{X \succeq 0} \log \det X - \text{Tr}(SX) - \rho ||X||_1,$$

where
$$||X||_1 = \sum_{ij} |X_{ij}|$$
.

- (a) data sets: set n=30, generate models 1 and 2 in section 5.1 of page 599 at http://www-stat.wharton.upenn.edu/~tcai/paper/Precision-Matrix.pdf
- (b) Derive the dual problem of (3.1).
- (c) Solve (3.1) using CVX using a few ρ , for example, 10, 0.1, 0.001.
- (d) Write down and implement a first-order type algorithm for solving (3.1) with the same ρ in (b).
- 2. (Optional, Extra-credit) Consider the model

(3.2)
$$\min_{X\succeq 0} \ \|X\|_1, \text{ s.t. } \|SX - I\|_1 \leq \sigma,$$

where I is the identity matrix. The test data is the same as 1(a).

- (a) Derive the dual problem of (3.2).
- (b) Solve (3.2) using CVX using a few σ , for example, 10, 0.1, 0.001.
- (c) Solve (3.2) with the same σ in (b) by calling SDPT3 directly. SDPT3: http://www.math.nus.edu.sg/~mattohkc/sdpt3.html
- (d) Write down and implement a first-order type algorithm for solving (3.2) with the same σ in (b).

Note that there is a constraint $X \succeq 0$ in both (3.1) and (3.2).